

**1**

The numbers in this sequence **increase** by 45 each time.

Write the missing numbers.

	155	200	245		
--	-----	-----	-----	--	--

2 marks

**2**

In this sequence, the rule to get the next number is

**Multiply by 2, and then add 3**

Write the missing numbers.

	25	53	
--	----	----	--

2 marks

**3**

Write the missing digits to make this **addition** correct.

$$\boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{2} \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} \boxed{2} = 200$$

1 mark

4 John buys one toy car and one pack of stickers.



£1.49



£1.64

He pays with a £10 note.

How much change does John get?

Show your method

£
---

2 marks

5 Ken is playing a game. He has 4,289 points.

Then he scores another 355 points.

Ken's target is 6,000 points.

How many **more** points does Ken need to reach his target?

Show your method

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2 marks

6

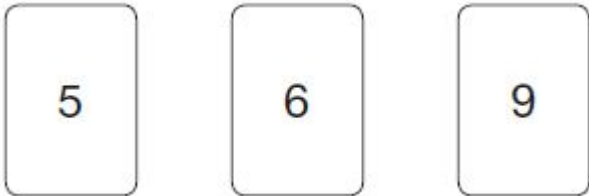
Write the missing numbers to make this **multiplication** grid correct.

	×	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	9	63	54
<input type="text"/>		56	48

1 mark

7

Chen uses these digit cards.



She makes a 2-digit number and a 1-digit number.

She multiplies them together.

Her answer is a **multiple of 10**

What could Chen's multiplication be?

$$\boxed{\phantom{00}} \boxed{\phantom{00}} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}}$$

1 mark

8

Ally and Jack buy some stickers.



**Pack of 12 stickers  
£10.49**



**12 stickers  
99p each**

Ally buys a pack of 12 stickers for £10.49

Jack buys 12 single stickers for 99p each.

How much more does Jack pay than Ally?

Show your method

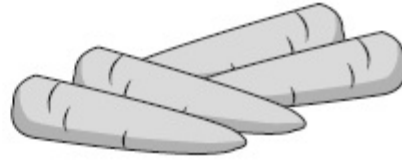
£
---

2 marks

9



potatoes  
£1.50 per kg



carrots  
£1.80 per kg

Jack buys  $1\frac{1}{2}$  kg of potatoes and  $\frac{1}{2}$  kg of carrots.

How much **change** does he get from £5?

Show  
your  
method

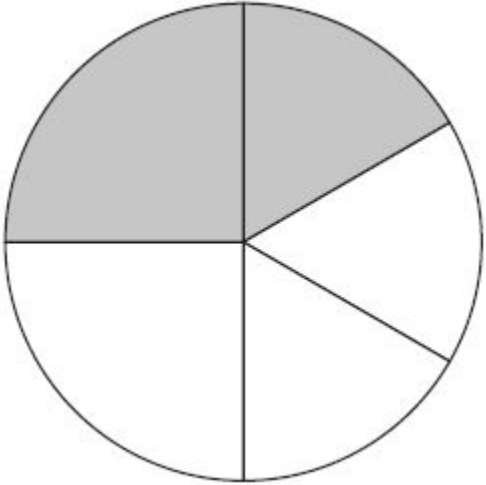
£

2 marks



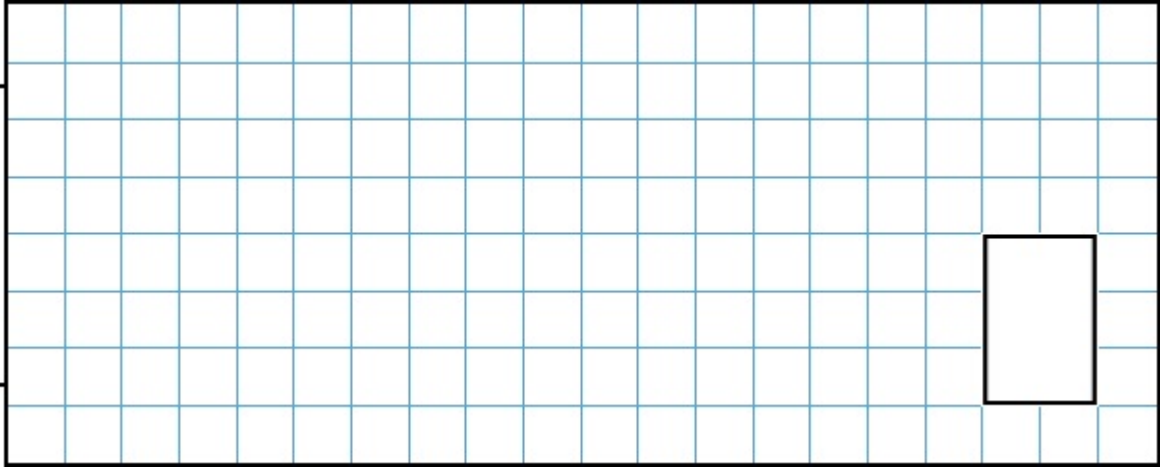
12

In this circle,  $\frac{1}{4}$  and  $\frac{1}{6}$  are shaded.



What fraction of the whole circle is **not** shaded?

Show your method



A large rectangular area containing a grid of small squares. On the left side of the grid is a vertical box with the text 'Show your method'. On the right side of the grid is a smaller rectangular box.

2 marks

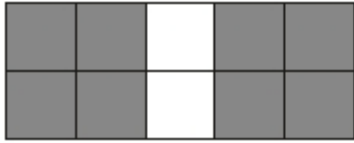
13

Here are some shapes made of squares.

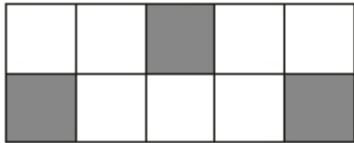
A fraction of each shape is shaded.

Match each shape to its equivalent fraction.

One has been done for you.



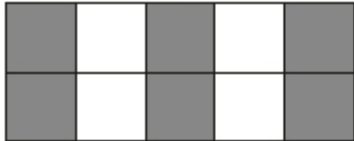
$$\frac{7}{10}$$



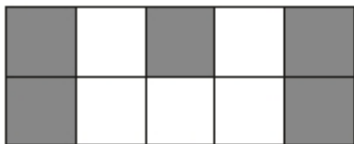
$$\frac{3}{5}$$



$$\frac{1}{2}$$



$$\frac{4}{5}$$



$$\frac{3}{10}$$

2 marks

14

The numbers in this sequence increase by the same amount each time.

Write the missing numbers.

$$1$$

$$1\frac{5}{8}$$

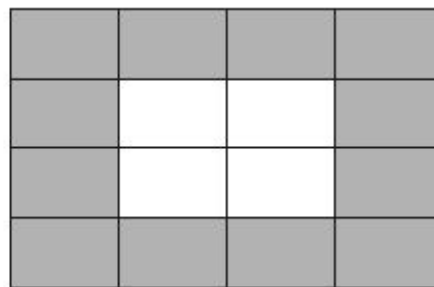
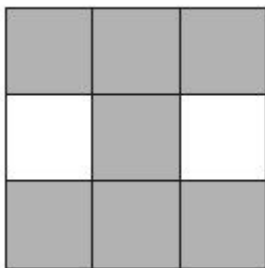
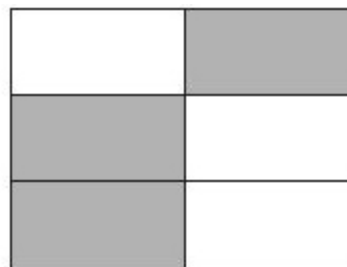
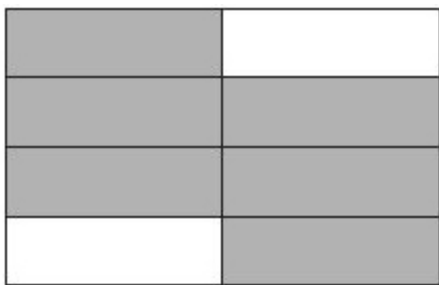
$$2\frac{1}{4}$$

2 marks



15

Tick two shapes that have  $\frac{3}{4}$  shaded.



1 mark

16

Here is a sorting diagram for numbers.

Write a number less than 100 in each space.

	even	not even
a cube number		
not a cube number		

2 marks

17

$$\frac{6}{5} \quad \frac{3}{5} \quad \frac{3}{4}$$

Write these fractions in order, starting with the **smallest**.

smallest

1 mark

18

Circle the improper fraction that is equivalent to  $6\frac{7}{8}$

$$\frac{67}{8}$$

$$\frac{48}{8}$$

$$\frac{62}{8}$$

$$\frac{55}{8}$$

$$\frac{76}{8}$$

1 mark

19

Find two **cube numbers** that total 152

+

= 152

1 mark

20

Put these values in order with the smallest first

$$5^2$$

$$3^2$$

$$3^3$$

$$2^3$$

smallest

largest

1 mark

21

A number **multiplied by itself** gives the answer **49**

Circle the number.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1 mark

**22**

Find two **square numbers** that total 45

$$\square + \square = 45$$

1 mark

**23**

36 and 64 are both square numbers

They have a sum of 100

Find two **square** numbers that have a sum of **130**

$$\square \text{ and } \square$$

1 mark

**24**

A **square** number and a **prime** number have a total of 22

What are the two numbers?

$$\square + \square = 22$$

square number

prime number

1 mark

25

A machine pours 250 millilitres of juice every 4 seconds.

How many **litres** of juice does the machine pour every **minute**?

Show your method

litres

2 marks

## Mark schemes

1

Award **TWO** marks for three correct numbers, as shown:

155 200 245

Award **ONE** mark for:

- any **TWO** numbers correctly placed

**OR**

- if box 1 is correct, accept correct follow-through for box 3 from the incorrect value in box 2.

*Do not accept misreads for this question.*

Up to 2m

[2]

2

(a) 11 written in the first box, as shown:

1

(b) 109 written in the last box, as shown:

1

[2]

3

Addition completed, as shown

+   =

*All numbers must be correct for the award of the mark.*

[1]

4

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of £6.87

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

- $£1.49 + £1.64 = £3.13$
- $£10 - £3.13 =$

**OR**

- $£10 - £1.49 = £8.51$
- $£8.51 - £1.64 =$

**OR**

•  $£10 - 164p - 149p =$

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

*Accept for **ONE** mark an answer of £687 **OR** £687p as evidence of an appropriate method.*

Up to 2 marks

[2]

**5**

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 1,356

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

•  $4289 + 355 = 4644$   
 $6000 - 4644 =$

**OR**

•  $6000 - 4289 - 355 =$

**OR**

•  $6000 - 4289 = 1711$   
 $1711 - 355 =$

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2 marks

[2]

**6**

Three boxes completed correctly as shown:

×	7	6
9	63	54
8	56	48

[1]

**7**

$95 \times 6$  **OR**  $96 \times 5$

[1]

**8**Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of £1.39If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

- $12 \times 99\text{p} = \text{£}11.88$   
 $\text{£}11.88 - \text{£}10.49$

*Accept for **ONE** mark an answer of £139 **OR** £139p as evidence of an appropriate method.*

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2m

**[2]****9**Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of £1.85If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

- $1\frac{1}{2} \times \text{£}1.50 = \text{£}2.25$   
 $\frac{1}{2}$  of £1.80 = 70p (error)  
 $\text{£}2.25 + 70\text{p} = \text{£}2.95$   
 $\text{£}5 - \text{£}2.95 =$

**OR**

- $\text{£}1.50 + 75 = \text{£}2.25$   
 $\text{£}2.25 + 90 = 415\text{p}$  (error)  
 $\text{£}5.00 - 415\text{p} =$

**OR**

- sight of £3.15 **OR** 315p as evidence of evaluating the correct cost of the potatoes and carrots.

***Do not** accept misreads for this question.*

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

*Accept for **ONE** mark an answer of £185 or £185p as evidence of an appropriate method.*

Up to 2 marks

**[2]**

**10**Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 75If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of appropriate working, eg:

- $125 \div 50 = 2.5$

$$2.5 \times 30 = \text{wrong answer}$$

**OR**

- 50g oats    30g raisins

$$25\text{g oats} \quad 15\text{g raisins} \quad (\div 2)$$

$$125\text{g oats} \quad \text{wrong answer} \quad (\times 5)$$

*Working must be carried through to reach an answer for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2

**[2]****11**Award **ONE** mark for any of the following:

$$\frac{7}{16} < \frac{6}{12} < \frac{5}{8}$$

**OR**

$$\frac{7}{16} < \frac{6}{12} < \frac{3}{4}$$

**OR**

$$\frac{7}{16} < \frac{5}{8} < \frac{3}{4}$$

**OR**

$$\frac{6}{12} < \frac{5}{8} < \frac{3}{4}$$

*Accept equivalent fractions correctly ordered, e.g:*

$$\frac{21}{48} < \frac{24}{48} < \frac{30}{48}$$

$$\frac{21}{48} < \frac{24}{48} < \frac{36}{48}$$

$$\frac{7}{16} < \frac{10}{16} < \frac{12}{16}$$

$$\frac{12}{24} < \frac{15}{24} < \frac{18}{24}$$

**[1]**



**12**

Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of  $\frac{7}{12}$

*Accept equivalent fractions or an **exact** decimal equivalent, e.g.  
 $0.5\bar{3}\bar{8}$*

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

$$\begin{aligned} & \bullet \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} = \\ & \frac{3}{12} + \frac{2}{12} = \frac{5}{12} \\ & 1 - \frac{5}{12} \end{aligned}$$

**OR**

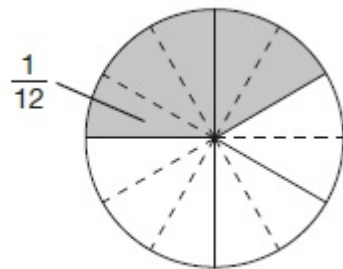
$$\bullet \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$$

**OR**

$$\bullet 1 - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$$

OR

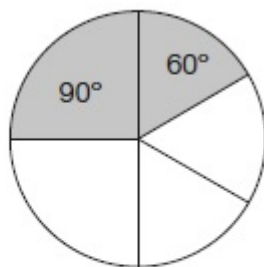
•



$$\frac{3}{12} + \frac{4}{12}$$

OR

•



$$90^\circ + 60^\circ = 150^\circ$$

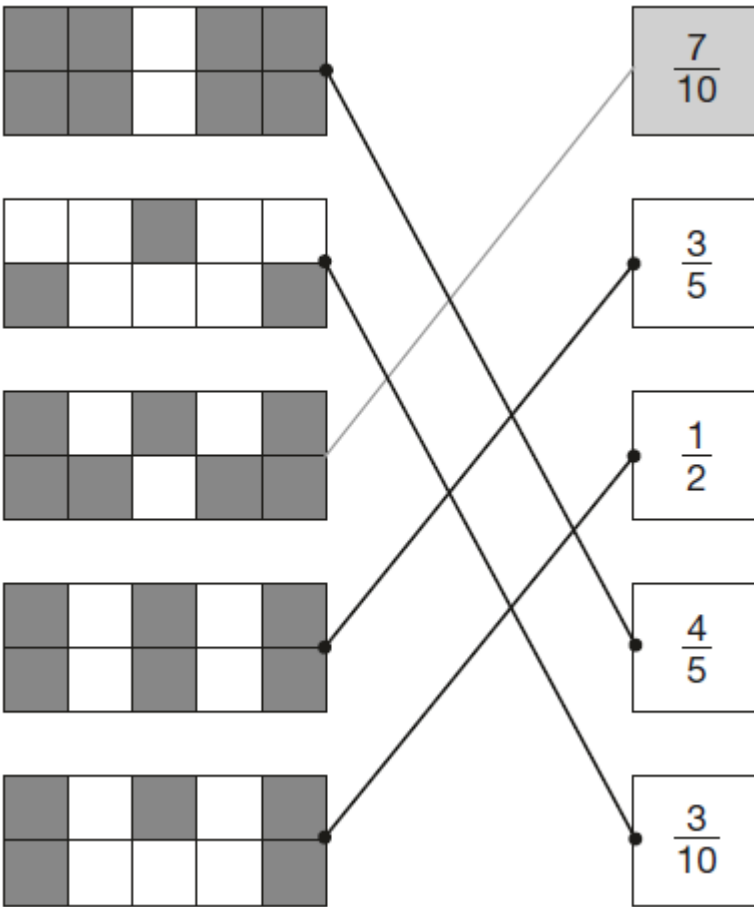
$$1 - \frac{150}{360}$$

Accept for **ONE** mark an answer between 0.58 and 0.59 inclusive.

Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.

Up to 2m

[2]

**13**Award **TWO** marks for four shapes matched correctly as shown:If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for three shapes matched correctly.*Lines need not touch shapes or fraction boxes, provided the intention is clear.****Do not** credit any shape that has been matched to more than one fraction.*

Up to 2

**[2]****14**(a)  $\frac{3}{8}$  written in the first box

1

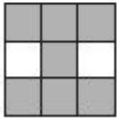
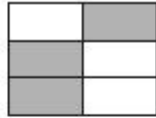
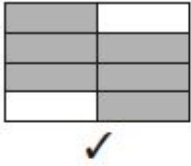
*Accept equivalent fractions or an **exact** decimal equivalent, e.g. 0.375*(b)  $2\frac{7}{8}$  **OR**  $\frac{23}{8}$  written in the last box

1

*Accept equivalent fractions or an **exact** decimal equivalent, e.g. 2.875***[2]**

**15**

Both shapes ticked as shown:



Accept alternative unambiguous positive indications, e.g. shapes circled.

[1]

**16**Award **TWO** marks for four correct numbers, e.g.

	even	not even
a cube number	<b>64</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>not</b> a cube number	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>

Award **ONE** mark for any three correct.

[2]

**17**

Fractions written in the correct order, as shown:

$$\frac{3}{5} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{6}{5}$$

Accept the fraction joined to the correct box, rather than written in it.  
**Do not** accept transcription errors or misreads for this question.

[1]

**18**

Correct number circled, as shown:

$$\frac{67}{8} \quad \frac{48}{8} \quad \frac{62}{8} \quad \left( \frac{55}{8} \right) \quad \frac{76}{8}$$

Accept alternative unambiguous positive indication of the correct answer, e.g. fraction ticked.

[1]

**19** 125 and 27, in either order.  
*Accept  $5^3$  and  $3^3$*  [1]

**20**  $2^3$   $3^2$   $5^2$   $3^3$   
*Accept 8, 9, 25, 27* [1]

**21** 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 [1]

**22** 36 AND 9  
*Numbers may be given in either order.* [1]

**23** 49 AND 81  
OR  
121 AND 9  
*Numbers may be given in either order.* [1]

U1

**24** Both numbers correct as shown: [1]

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 9 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 13 \\ \hline \end{array} = 22$$

square number      prime number

*Numbers must be in the correct order.*

**Do not accept:**

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline 3^2 \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 13 \\ \hline \end{array} = 22$$

square number      prime number

**25** Award **TWO** marks for the correct answer of 3.75  
If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g. [1]

- $60 \div 4 = 15$
- $250 \times 15 = 3750$
- $3750 \text{ ml} \div 1000 =$

**OR**

- $250 \div 4 = 62.5$  ml per second
- $62.5 \times 60 = 3750$
- $3750 \text{ ml} \div 1000 =$

**OR**

- $60 \div 4 = 15$ , so there are 15 lots of 4 seconds in 1 minute so there are 15 bottles per minute.
- There are 4 bottles in 1 litre
- $15 \div 4 =$

*Accept for **TWO** marks, 3,750 ml for final answer in working and the answer box blank **OR** 3,750 in the answer box where the litres has been replaced with millilitres.*

*Accept for **ONE** mark 3,750 litres (l) in the answer box **OR** the final answer in working and answer box blank.*

*Answer need not be obtained for the award of **ONE** mark.*

Up to 2m

**[2]**